LISTING OF CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

1. (Original) A compound having the formula I

$$X^2$$
 V
 A
 Y^1
 Y^2
 Z
 UR^1
 UR^1
 UR^1

wherein

 X^1 , X^2 , Y^1 , and Y^2 comprises, independently, hydrogen, fluorine, a hydroxyl group, a branched or straight chain C_1 to C_{25} alkyl group, OR^2 , $OCH_2CH_2OR^2$, $OCIO(R^3$, or $NCIO(R^3)$:

each U comprises, independently, oxygen, sulfur, or NR1:

V is not present or when V is present, V comprises oxygen or sulfur;

W comprises oxygen or sulfur:

Z comprises oxygen, sulfur, NR1, CH2, CHF, CF2, or CHOR2;

each R^1 comprises, independently, hydrogen, a branched or straight chain C_1 to C_{25} alkyl group, a cationic counterion, or both R^1 form a cyclic or heterocyclic group;

 R^2 comprises hydrogen, a branched or straight chain C_1 to C_{25} alkyl group, a cycloalkyl group, a heterocycloalkyl group, an aryl group, a heteroaryl group or a protecting group;

 R^3 comprises a branched or straight chain C_1 to C_{25} alkyl group, a cycloalkyl group, a heterocycloalkyl group, an aryl group, a heteroaryl group,

or the pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof,

wherein when Y¹ and Y² are different groups, the stereochemistry at carbon a is either substantially R or substantially S, and

- wherein the compound having the formula I is not 1-acyl-sn-glycerol 3-phosphate and 2-acyl-sn-glycerol 3-phosphate, and wherein when V is not present, W is oxygen, X^1 and Y^1 are hydrogen, and X^2 is hydroxyl, then Y^2 is not hydroxyl.
- (Original) The compound of claim 1, wherein each U and W comprises oxygen and V is not present.
- (Original) The compound of claim 2, wherein Z comprises oxygen, X¹ comprises hydrogen, and X² comprises fluorine.
- (Original) The compound of claim 3, wherein Y¹ comprises hydrogen, Y² comprises
 OC(O)R³, wherein R³ comprises a branched or straight chain C₁ to C₂₅ alkyl group, and
 R¹ comprises hydrogen.
- (Canceled)
- (Original) The compound of claim 2, wherein Z comprises oxygen, Y¹ comprises hydrogen, and Y² comprises fluorine.
- (Original) The compound of claim 6, wherein X¹ comprises hydrogen, X² comprises
 OC(O)R³, wherein R³ comprises a branched or straight chain C₁ to C₂₅ alkyl group, and
 each R¹ comprises hydrogen.
- (Original) The compound of claim 2, wherein Z comprises CHF, Y¹ comprises hydrogen, and Y² comprises a hydroxyl group.
- (Original) The compound of claim 8, wherein X¹ comprises hydrogen, X² comprises
 OC(O)R³, wherein R³ comprises a branched or straight chain C₁ to C₂₅ alkyl group, and
 each R¹ is hydrogen.
- 10. (Canceled)
- (Original) The compound of claim 8, wherein X¹ comprises hydrogen, X² is OC(O)R³, wherein R³ comprises a branched or straight chain C₁ to C₂₅ alkyl group, and each R¹ comprises ethyl.
- 12. (Canceled)

- (Original) The compound of claim 2, wherein Z comprises CHF, Y¹ comprises hydrogen, and Y² comprises an alkyl group.
- 14. (Original) The compound of claim 13, wherein X¹ comprises hydrogen, X² comprises a silyl group, a hydroxyl group, or OC(O)R³, wherein R³ comprises a branched or straight chain C₁ to C₂₅ alkyl group, and each R¹ comprises ethyl or each R¹ comprises hydrogen.
- (Original) The compound of claim 2, wherein Z comprises CHF, Y¹ comprises hydrogen, and Y² comprises an OC(O)R³, wherein R³ comprises a branched or straight chain C₁ to C₂₅ alkyl group.
- 16. (Canceled)
- 17. (Original) The compound of claim 2, wherein Z comprises CF₂.
- 18. (Original) The compound of claim 17, wherein Y¹ comprises hydrogen, Y² comprises OC(O)R³, wherein R³ comprises a branched or straight chain C₁ to C₂₅ alkyl group, and each R¹ comprises an ethyl group or a sodium ion.
- (Original) The compound of claim 18, wherein X¹ comprises hydrogen and X² comprises OH or OC(O)R³, wherein R³ comprises a branched or straight chain C₁ to C₂₅ alkyl group.
- 20. (Original) The compound of claim 17, wherein X^1 comprises hydrogen, X^2 is $OC(O)R^3$, wherein R^3 comprises a branched or straight chain C_1 to C_{25} alkyl group, and each R^1 comprises an ethyl group or a sodium ion.
- (Original) The compound of claim 20, wherein Y¹ comprises hydrogen and Y² comprises
 OH or OC(O)R³, wherein R³ comprises a branched or straight chain C₁ to C₂₅ alkyl
 group.
- 22. (Original) The compound of claim 2, wherein Z comprises CH₂.
- 23. (Original) The compound of claim 22, wherein X¹ and X² comprise fluorine.
- (Original) The compound of claim 23, wherein Y¹ comprises hydrogen, and Y² comprises a hydroxyl group, OR², or OC(O)R³.
- (Original) The compound of claim 24, wherein each R¹ comprises hydrogen or a methyl group.

- 26. (Canceled)
- 27. (Canceled)
- 28. (Canceled)
- 29. (Canceled)
- (Canceled)
- 31. (Canceled)
- 32. (Original) A compound having the formula VII

$$X^{1}$$
 X^{2}
 X^{1}
 X^{2}
 X^{1}
 X^{2}
 X^{1}
 X^{2}
 X^{2}
 X^{3}
 X^{4}
 X^{5}
 X^{5

wherein

 X^1 , X^2 , and Y^1 comprises, independently, hydrogen, fluorine, a hydroxyl group, a branched or straight chain C_1 to C_{25} alkyl group, OR^2 , $OCH_2CH_2OR^2$, $OC(O)R^3$, or $NC(O)R^3$;

U comprises oxygen, sulfur, or NR1;

V is not present or when V is present, V comprises oxygen or sulfur;

W comprises oxygen or sulfur;

Z comprises oxygen, sulfur, NR1, CH2, CHF, CF2, or CHOR2;

each R^1 comprises hydrogen, a branched or straight chain C_1 to C_{25} alkyl group, or a cationic counterion:

 R^2 comprises hydrogen, a branched or straight chain C_1 to C_{25} alkyl group, a cycloalkyl group, a heterocycloalkyl group, an aryl group, a heteroaryl group or a protecting group:

 R^3 comprises a branched or straight chain C_1 to C_{25} alkyl group, a cycloalkyl group, a heterocycloalkyl group, an aryl group, a heterocycloalkyl group, a heterocycloalkyl group, an aryl group, a heterocycloalkyl group, a heterocycloalkyl group, an aryl group, a heterocycloalkyl group, a heterocycl

or the pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof,

- wherein the stereochemistry at carbon a is either substantially R or substantially S, wherein when W is oxygen, V is not present, X^1 and Y^1 are hydrogen, and X^2 is $OC(O)R^3$, then Z is not CH₂ or oxygen.
- (Original) The compound of claim 32, wherein Y¹ comprises hydrogen and Z comprises CHF, CF₂, or CH₂.
- (Original) The compound of claim 33, wherein Z comprises CHF, each U comprises oxygen, and W comprises oxygen.
- (Original) The compound of claim 34, wherein V is not present and R¹ comprises hydrogen or a branched or straight chain C₁ to C₂₅ alkyl group.
- (Original) The compound of claim 35, wherein X¹ comprises hydrogen and X² comprises OH or OC(O)R³, wherein R³ comprises a branched or straight chain C₁ to C₂₅ alkyl group.
- 37. (Canceled)
- (Original) The compound of claim 32, wherein Z comprises CF₂, each U comprises oxygen, and W comprises oxygen.
- (Original) The compound of claim 38, wherein V is not present and R¹ comprises hydrogen or a branched or straight chain C₁ to C₂₅ alkyl group.
- (Original) The compound of claim 39, wherein X¹ comprises hydrogen and X² comprises OH or OC(O)R³, wherein R³ comprises a branched or straight chain C₁ to C₂₅ alkyl group.
- 41. (Canceled)
- (Original) The compound of claim 32, wherein Z comprises CHF or CF₂, each U comprises oxygen, and W comprises oxygen.
- (Original) The compound of claim 42, wherein V comprises oxygen and R¹ comprises hydrogen or a branched or straight chain C₁ to C₂₅ alkyl group.
- 44. (Original) The compound of claim 43, wherein X¹ comprises hydrogen and X² comprises OH or OC(O)R³, wherein R³ comprises a branched or straight chain C₁ to C₂₅ alkyl group.

- 45. (Canceled)
- (Original) The compound of claim 32, wherein Z comprises CH₂, each U comprises oxygen, and W comprises oxygen.
- (Original) The compound of claim 46, wherein V is not present and R¹ comprises hydrogen or a branched or straight chain C₁ to C₂₅ alkyl group.
- 48. (Original) The compound of claim 47, wherein X¹ comprises hydrogen and X² comprises OH or OC(O)R³, wherein R³ comprises a branched or straight chain C₁ to C₂₅ alkyl group.
- (Canceled)
- (Original) The compound of claim 46, wherein V comprises oxygen and R¹ comprises hydrogen or a branched or straight chain C₁ to C₂₅ alkyl group.
- (Original) The compound of claim 50, wherein X¹ comprises hydrogen and X² comprises a branched or straight chain C₁ to C₂₅ alkyl group.
- 52. (Canceled)
- (Original) The compound of claim 32, wherein Z comprises CH₂, each U comprises oxygen, and W comprises sulfur.
- (Original) The compound of claim 53, wherein V is not present and R¹ comprises hydrogen or a branched or straight chain C₁ to C₂₅ alkyl group.
- 55. (Original) The compound of claim 54, wherein X¹ comprises hydrogen and X² comprises OH or OC(O)R³, wherein R³ comprises a branched or straight chain C₁ to C₂₅ alkyl group.
- 56. (Canceled)
- (Original) The compound of claim 32, wherein Z comprises sulfur, each U comprises oxygen, and W comprises oxygen.
- (Original) The compound of claim 57, wherein V is not present and R¹ comprises hydrogen or a branched or straight chain C₁ to C₂₅ alkyl group.

- (Original) The compound of claim 58, wherein X¹ comprises hydrogen and X² comprises OH or OC(O)R³, wherein R³ comprises a branched or straight chain C₁ to C₂₅ alkyl group.
- 60. (Canceled)
- (Original) The compound of claim 57, wherein V comprises oxygen and R¹ comprises hydrogen or a branched or straight chain C₁ to C₂₅ alkyl group.
- (Original) The compound of claim 61, wherein X¹ comprises hydrogen and X² comprises OH or OC(O)R³, wherein R³ comprises a branched or straight chain C₁ to C₂₅ alkyl group.
- 63. (Canceled)
- 64. (Original) A compound having the formula VII

$$X^{1}$$
 X^{2}
 X^{1}
 X^{2}
 X^{1}
 X^{2}
 X^{1}
 X^{2}
 X^{1}
 X^{2}
 X^{2}
 X^{2}
 X^{3}
 X^{4}
 X^{5}
 X^{5

wherein

 X^1 , X^2 , and Y^1 comprises, independently, hydrogen, fluorine, a hydroxyl group, a branched or straight chain C_1 to C_{25} alkyl group, OR^2 , $OCH_2CH_2OR^2$, $OC(O)R^3$, or $NC(O)R^3$;

U comprises oxygen, sulfur, or NR1;

V is not present or when V is present, V comprises oxygen or sulfur;

W comprises oxygen or sulfur;

Z comprises sulfur, NR1, CHF, CF2, or CHOR2;

each R^1 comprises hydrogen, a branched or straight chain C_1 to C_{25} alkyl group, or a cationic counterion:

 R^2 comprises hydrogen, a branched or straight chain C_1 to C_{25} alkyl group, a cycloalkyl group, a heterocycloalkyl group, an aryl group, a heteroaryl group or a protecting group;

 R^3 comprises a branched or straight chain C_1 to C_{25} alkyl group, a cycloalkyl group, a heterocycloalkyl group, an aryl group, a heteroaryl group;

or the pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof,

wherein the stereochemistry at carbon a is either substantially R or substantially S.

- (Previouly Amended) The compound of claim 1, wherein the stereochemistry at carbon a is substantially R.
- (Previously presented) The compound of claim 1, wherein the stereochemistry at carbon a is substantially S.
- (Previously presented) A pharmaceutical composition comprising a pharmaceuticallyacceptable compound and the compound of claim 1.
- 68. (Original) A method for preparing a compound having the formula III

wherein each R^1 comprises, independently, hydrogen, a branched or straight chain C_1 to C_{25} alkyl group, a cationic counterion, or both R^1 form a cyclic or heterocyclic group, and each U comprises, independently, oxygen, sulfur, or NR^1 ;and

the stereochemistry at carbon a is substantially R or substantially S, or the pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof, comprising

(a) reacting a compound having the formula IV

$$R^1U$$
 P
 UR^1
 UR^1
 UR^1
 V

with a compound having the formula V

$$R^6O$$
 OP^7 V

wherein R6 and R7 are protecting groups,

in the presence of a base;

- (b) hydrogenating the compound produced in step (a); and
- deprotecting the compound produced in step (b) to produce a compound having the formula II.
- 69. (Canceled)
- 70. (Canceled)
- (Previously presented) A method for preparing the compound of claim 32, comprising reacting a compound having the formula VIII

wherein

 X^1 , X^2 , and Y^1 comprises, independently, hydrogen, fluorine, a hydroxyl group, a branched or straight chain C_1 to C_{25} alkyl group, OR^2 , $OCH_2CH_2OR^2$, $OC(O)R^3$, or $NC(O)R^3$;

each U comprises, independently, oxygen, sulfur, or NR1;

V is not present or when V is present, V comprises oxygen or sulfur;

W comprises oxygen or sulfur:

Z comprises oxygen, sulfur, NR¹, CH₂, CHF, CF₂, or CHOR²;

each R^1 comprises, independently, hydrogen, a branched or straight chain C_1 to C_{25} alkyl group, a cationic counterion, or both R^1 form a cyclic or heterocyclic group;

 R^2 comprises hydrogen, a branched or straight chain C_1 to C_{25} alkyl group, a cycloalkyl group, a heterocycloalkyl group, an aryl group, a heteroaryl group or a protecting group:

 R^3 comprises a branched or straight chain C_1 to C_{25} alkyl group, a cycloalkyl group, a heterocycloalkyl group, an aryl group, a heteroaryl group;

or the pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof,

wherein the stereochemistry at carbon a is either substantially R or substantially S, with a dehydrating agent.

- 72. (Canceled)
- (Original) A method for improving wound healing in a subject in need of such improvement, comprising contacting the wound of a mammal with a compound having the formula I or VII or a pharmaceutical composition thereof

$$X^2$$
 X^1
 Y^1
 X^2
 X^2

wherein

 X^1 , X^2 , Y^1 , and Y^2 comprises, independently, hydrogen, fluorine, a hydroxyl group, a branched or straight chain C_1 to C_{25} alkyl group, OR^2 , $OCH_2CH_2OR^2$, $OC(O)R^3$, or $NC(O)R^3$:

each U comprises, independently, oxygen, sulfur, or NR1;

V is not present or when V is present, V comprises oxygen or sulfur;

W comprises oxygen or sulfur;

Z comprises oxygen, sulfur, NR1, CH2, CHF, CF2, or CHOR2;

each R^1 comprises, independently, hydrogen, a branched or straight chain C_1 to C_{25} alkyl group, a cationic counterion, or both R^1 form a cyclic or heterocyclic group:

 R^2 comprises hydrogen, a branched or straight chain C_1 to C_{25} alkyl group, a cycloalkyl group, a heterocycloalkyl group, an aryl group, a heteroaryl group or a protecting group;

 R^3 comprises a branched or straight chain C_1 to C_{25} alkyl group, a cycloalkyl group, a heterocycloalkyl group, an aryl group, a heteroaryl group,

or the pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof,

wherein when Y^1 and Y^2 in formula I are different groups, the stereochemistry at carbon a is either substantially R or substantially S, and

wherein the compound having the formula I is not 1-acyl-sn-glycerol 3-phosphate and 2-acyl-sn-glycerol 3-phosphate.

74. (Original) A method for treating or preventing in a subject a disease comprising administering to the subject a compound having the formula I or VII or a pharmaceutical composition thereof

$$X^2$$
 X^1
 Y^1
 X^2
 X^2
 X^2
 X^2
 X^2
 X^2
 X^2
 X^2
 X^3
 X^4
 X^4

wherein

 X^1 , X^2 , Y^1 , and Y^2 comprises, independently, hydrogen, fluorine, a hydroxyl group, a branched or straight chain C_1 to C_{25} alkyl group, OR^2 , $OCH_2CH_2OR^2$, $OC(O)R^3$, or $NC(O)R^3$;

each U comprises, independently, oxygen, sulfur, or NR^1 ;

 \boldsymbol{V} is not present or when \boldsymbol{V} is present, \boldsymbol{V} comprises oxygen or sulfur;

W comprises oxygen or sulfur;

Z comprises oxygen, sulfur, NR¹, CH₂, CHF, CF₂, or CHOR²;

each R^1 comprises, independently, hydrogen, a branched or straight chain C_1 to C_2 5 alkyl group, a cationic counterion, or both R^1 form a cyclic or heterocyclic group;

 R^2 comprises hydrogen, a branched or straight chain C_1 to C_{25} alkyl group, a cycloalkyl group, a heterocycloalkyl group, an aryl group, a heteroaryl group or a protecting group:

 R^3 comprises a branched or straight chain C_1 to C_{25} alkyl group, a cycloalkyl group, a heterocycloalkyl group, an aryl group, a heteroaryl group,

or the pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof,

wherein when Y¹ and Y² in formula I are different groups, the stereochemistry at carbon a is either substantially R or substantially S.

wherein the compound having the formula I is not 1-acyl-sn-glycerol 3-phosphate and 2-acyl-sn-glycerol 3-phosphate, and

wherein with formula VII, when W is oxygen, V is not present, X^1 and Y^1 are hydrogen, and X^2 is $OC(O)R^3$, then Z is not CH₂ or oxygen.

- 75. (Original) The method of claim 74, wherein the disease comprises cancer or diabetes.
- 76. (Canceled)
- (Original) A method for reducing inflammation or an allergic response in a subject comprising administering to the subject a compound having the formula I or VII or a pharmaceutical composition thereof

wherein

 X^1 , X^2 , Y^1 , and Y^2 comprises, independently, hydrogen, fluorine, a hydroxyl group, a branched or straight chain C_1 to C_{25} alkyl group, OR^2 , $OCH_2CH_2OR^2$, $OC(O)R^3$, or $NC(O)R^3$:

each U comprises, independently, oxygen, sulfur, or NR1;

V is not present or when V is present, V comprises oxygen or sulfur;

W comprises oxygen or sulfur;

Z comprises oxygen, sulfur, NR1, CH2, CHF, CF2, or CHOR2;

each R^1 comprises, independently, hydrogen, a branched or straight chain C_1 to C_{25} alkyl group, a cationic counterion, or both R^1 form a cyclic or heterocyclic group:

 R^2 comprises hydrogen, a branched or straight chain C_1 to C_{25} alkyl group, a cycloalkyl group, a heterocycloalkyl group, an aryl group, a heteroaryl group or a protecting group;

 R^3 comprises a branched or straight chain C_1 to C_{25} alkyl group, a cycloalkyl group, a heterocycloalkyl group, an aryl group, a heteroaryl group,

or the pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof,

wherein when Y^1 and Y^2 in formula I are different groups, the stereochemistry at carbon a is either substantially R or substantially S, and

wherein the compound having the formula I is not 1-acyl-sn-glycerol 3-phosphate and 2-acyl-sn-glycerol 3-phosphate.

 (Original) A method for increasing or altering cardiovascular function in a subject comprising administering to the subject a compound having the formula I or VII or a pharmaceutical composition thereof

$$X^2$$
 X^1
 Y^1
 Y^2
 Z
 UR^1
 UR^1

$$X^1$$
 X^2
 X^1
 X^2
 X^1
 X^2
 X^1
 X^2
 X^3
 X^4
 X^4

wherein

 X^1 , X^2 , Y^1 , and Y^2 comprises, independently, hydrogen, fluorine, a hydroxyl group, a branched or straight chain C_1 to C_{25} alkyl group, OR^2 , $OCH_2CH_2OR^2$, $OC(O)R^3$, or $NC(O)R^3$;

each U comprises, independently, oxygen, sulfur, or NR1;

V is not present or when V is present, V comprises oxygen or sulfur;

W comprises oxygen or sulfur;

Z comprises oxygen, sulfur, NR¹, CH₂, CHF, CF₂, or CHOR²;

each R^1 comprises, independently, hydrogen, a branched or straight chain C_1 to C_{25} alkyl group, a cationic counterion, or both R^1 form a cyclic or heterocyclic group;

 R^2 comprises hydrogen, a branched or straight chain C_1 to C_{25} alkyl group, a cycloalkyl group, a heterocycloalkyl group, an aryl group, a heteroaryl group or a protecting group;

 R^3 comprises a branched or straight chain C_1 to C_{25} alkyl group, a cycloalkyl group, a heterocycloalkyl group, an aryl group, a heteroaryl group,

or the pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof,

wherein when Y^1 and Y^2 in formula I are different groups, the stereochemistry at carbon a is either substantially R or substantially S, and

wherein the compound having the formula I is not 1-acyl-sn-glycerol 3-phosphate and 2acyl-sn-glycerol 3-phosphate.

 (Original) A method for maintaining or terminating embryonic development in a subject comprising administering to the subject a compound having the formula I or VII or a pharmaceutical composition thereof

wherein

 X^1 , X^2 , Y^1 , and Y^2 comprises, independently, hydrogen, fluorine, a hydroxyl group, a branched or straight chain C_1 to C_{25} alkyl group, OR^2 , $OCH_2CH_2OR^2$, $OC(O)R^3$, or $NC(O)R^3$:

each U comprises, independently, oxygen, sulfur, or NR1;

V is not present or when V is present, V comprises oxygen or sulfur;

W comprises oxygen or sulfur;

Z comprises oxygen, sulfur, NR¹, CH₂, CHF, CF₂, or CHOR²;

each R^1 comprises, independently, hydrogen, a branched or straight chain C_1 to C_{25} alkyl group, a cationic counterion, or both R^1 form a cyclic or heterocyclic group;

 R^2 comprises hydrogen, a branched or straight chain C_1 to C_{25} alkyl group, a cycloalkyl group, a heterocycloalkyl group, an aryl group, a heteroaryl group or a protecting group;

 R^3 comprises a branched or straight chain C_1 to C_{25} alkyl group, a cycloalkyl group, a heterocycloalkyl group, an aryl group, a heteroaryl group,

or the pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof,

wherein when Y^1 and Y^2 in formula I are different groups, the stereochemistry at carbon a is either substantially R or substantially S, and

wherein the compound having the formula I is not 1-acyl-sn-glycerol 3-phosphate and 2-acyl-sn-glycerol 3-phosphate.

 (Original) A method for eliciting or inhibiting platelet aggregation in a subject comprising administering to the subject a compound having the formula I or VII or a pharmaceutical composition thereof

$$X^2$$
 X^1
 Y^1
 X^2
 Z
 UR^1
 UR^1

wherein

 X^1 , X^2 , Y^1 , and Y^2 comprises, independently, hydrogen, fluorine, a hydroxyl group, a branched or straight chain C_1 to C_{25} alkyl group, OR^2 , $OCH_2CH_2OR^2$, $OC(O)R^3$, or $NC(O)R^3$:

each U comprises, independently, oxygen, sulfur, or NR1;

V is not present or when V is present, V comprises oxygen or sulfur;

W comprises oxygen or sulfur;

Z comprises oxygen, sulfur, NR1, CH2, CHF, CF2, or CHOR2;

each R^1 comprises, independently, hydrogen, a branched or straight chain C_1 to C_{25} alkyl group, a cationic counterion, or both R^1 form a cyclic or heterocyclic group:

 R^2 comprises hydrogen, a branched or straight chain C_1 to C_{25} alkyl group, a cycloalkyl group, a heterocycloalkyl group, an aryl group, a heteroaryl group or a protecting group;

 R^3 comprises a branched or straight chain C_1 to C_{25} alkyl group, a cycloalkyl group, a heterocycloalkyl group, an aryl group, a heteroaryl group,

or the pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof,

wherein when Y^1 and Y^2 in formula I are different groups, the stereochemistry at carbon a is either substantially R or substantially S, and

wherein the compound having the formula I is not 1-acyl-sn-glycerol 3-phosphate and 2-acyl-sn-glycerol 3-phosphate.

 (Original) A method for increasing or inhibiting cell growth and proliferation in a culture comprising contacting the cells in the culture with a compound having the formula I or VII or a pharmaceutical composition thereof

$$X^1$$
 X^2
 X^1
 X^2
 X^1
 X^2
 X^3
 X^4
 X^4

wherein

 X^1 , X^2 , Y^1 , and Y^2 comprises, independently, hydrogen, fluorine, a hydroxyl group, a branched or straight chain C_1 to C_{25} alkyl group, OR^2 , $OCH_2CH_2OR^2$, $OC(O)R^3$, or $NC(O)R^3$:

each U comprises, independently, oxygen, sulfur, or NR^1 ;

 \boldsymbol{V} is not present or when \boldsymbol{V} is present, \boldsymbol{V} comprises oxygen or sulfur;

W comprises oxygen or sulfur;

Z comprises oxygen, sulfur, NR¹, CH₂, CHF, CF₂, or CHOR²;

each R^1 comprises, independently, hydrogen, a branched or straight chain C_1 to C_2 5 alkyl group, a cationic counterion, or both R^1 form a cyclic or heterocyclic group;

 R^2 comprises hydrogen, a branched or straight chain C_1 to C_{25} alkyl group, a cycloalkyl group, a heterocycloalkyl group, an aryl group, a heteroaryl group or a protecting group:

 R^3 comprises a branched or straight chain C_1 to C_{25} alkyl group, a cycloalkyl group, a heterocycloalkyl group, an aryl group, a heteroaryl group,

or the pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof,

wherein when Y^1 and Y^2 in formula I are different groups, the stereochemistry at carbon a is either substantially R or substantially S, and

wherein the compound having the formula I is not 1-acyl-sn-glycerol 3-phosphate and 2-acyl-sn-glycerol 3-phosphate.

 (Original) A method of treating or preventing a disease in a subject comprising administering a compound having the formula I or VII or a pharmaceutical composition thereof as a PPARγ agonist

wherein

 X^1 , X^2 , Y^1 , and Y^2 comprises, independently, hydrogen, fluorine, a hydroxyl group, a branched or straight chain C_1 to C_{25} alkyl group, OR^2 , $OCH_2CH_2OR^2$, $OC(O)R^3$, or $NC(O)R^3$;

each U comprises, independently, oxygen, sulfur, or NR1;

V is not present or when V is present, V comprises oxygen or sulfur; W comprises oxygen or sulfur:

Z comprises oxygen, sulfur, NR1, CH2, CHF, CF2, or CHOR2;

each R^1 comprises, independently, hydrogen, a branched or straight chain C_1 to C_{25} alkyl group, a cationic counterion, or both R^1 form a cyclic or heterocyclic group;

 R^2 comprises hydrogen, a branched or straight chain C_1 to C_{25} alkyl group, a cycloalkyl group, a heterocycloalkyl group, an aryl group, a heteroaryl group or a protecting group;

 R^3 comprises a branched or straight chain C_1 to C_{25} alkyl group, a cycloalkyl group, a heterocycloalkyl group, an aryl group, a heteroaryl group,

or the pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof,

wherein when Y^1 and Y^2 in formula I are different groups, the stereochemistry at carbon a is either substantially R or substantially S, and

wherein the compound having the formula I is not 1-acyl-sn-glycerol 3-phosphate and 2-acyl-sn-glycerol 3-phosphate.

 (Original) A method of treating or preventing a disease in a subject comprising administering a compound having the formula I or VII or a pharmaceutical composition thereof to inhibit a lipid phosphatase, lipid kinase, or phospholipase enzyme

$$X^2$$
 X^1
 X^1
 X^2
 X^2

wherein

 X^1 , X^2 , Y^1 , and Y^2 comprises, independently, hydrogen, fluorine, a hydroxyl group, a branched or straight chain C_1 to C_{25} alkyl group, OR^2 , $OCH_2CH_2OR^2$, $OC(O)R^3$, or $NC(O)R^3$:

each U comprises, independently, oxygen, sulfur, or NR1;

V is not present or when V is present, V comprises oxygen or sulfur;

W comprises oxygen or sulfur;

Z comprises oxygen, sulfur, NR1, CH2, CHF, CF2, or CHOR2;

each R^1 comprises, independently, hydrogen, a branched or straight chain C_1 to C_{25} alkyl group, a cationic counterion, or both R^1 form a cyclic or heterocyclic group;

 R^2 comprises hydrogen, a branched or straight chain C_1 to C_{25} alkyl group, a cycloalkyl group, a heterocycloalkyl group, an aryl group, a heteroaryl group or a protecting group;

R³ comprises a branched or straight chain C₁ to C₂₅ alkyl group, a cycloalkyl group, a heterocycloalkyl group, an aryl group, a heterocycloalkyl group, an aryl group, a heterocycloalkyl group, an aryl group, a heterocycloalkyl group, a heterocycl

or the pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof,

wherein when Y^1 and Y^2 in formula I are different groups, the stereochemistry at carbon a is either substantially R or substantially S, and

wherein the compound having the formula I is not 1-acyl-sn-glycerol 3-phosphate and 2-acyl-sn-glycerol 3-phosphate.

84. (Original) The use of a compound having the formula I or VII or a pharmaceutical composition thereof for targeting the discovery of a drug

wherein

 X^1 , X^2 , Y^1 , and Y^2 comprises, independently, hydrogen, fluorine, a hydroxyl group, a branched or straight chain C_1 to C_{25} alkyl group, OR^2 , $OCH_2CH_2OR^2$, $OC(O)R^3$, or $NC(O)R^3$;

each U comprises, independently, oxygen, sulfur, or NR1;

V is not present or when V is present, V comprises oxygen or sulfur;

W comprises oxygen or sulfur;

Z comprises oxygen, sulfur, NR¹, CH₂, CHF, CF₂, or CHOR²;

each R^1 comprises, independently, hydrogen, a branched or straight chain C_1 to C_{25} alkyl group, a cationic counterion, or both R^1 form a cyclic or heterocyclic group;

 R^2 comprises hydrogen, a branched or straight chain C_1 to C_{25} alkyl group, a cycloalkyl group, a heterocycloalkyl group, an aryl group, a heteroaryl group or a protectine group:

 $R^3 \ comprises \ a \ branched \ or \ straight \ chain \ C_1 \ to \ C_{25} \ alkyl \ group, \ a \ cycloalkyl \ group, \ a \ heterocycloalkyl \ group, \ a \$

or the pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof,

wherein when Y^1 and Y^2 in formula I are different groups, the stereochemistry at carbon a is either substantially R or substantially S, and

wherein the compound having the formula I is not 1-acyl-sn-glycerol 3-phosphate and 2-acyl-sn-glycerol 3-phosphate.

 (Original) A method for growing or proliferating cells in a culture comprising administering to the cells in the culture a compound having the formula I or VII or a pharmaceutical composition thereof

wherein

 X^1 , X^2 , Y^1 , and Y^2 comprises, independently, hydrogen, fluorine, a hydroxyl group, a branched or straight chain C_1 to C_{25} alkyl group, OR^2 , $OCH_2CH_2OR^2$, $OC(O)R^3$, or $NC(O)R^3$;

each U comprises, independently, oxygen, sulfur, or NR1;

V is not present or when V is present, V comprises oxygen or sulfur;

W comprises oxygen or sulfur:

Z comprises oxygen, sulfur, NR¹, CH₂, CHF, CF₂, or CHOR²;

each R^1 comprises, independently, hydrogen, a branched or straight chain C_1 to C_2 s alkyl group, a cationic counterion, or both R^1 form a cyclic or heterocyclic group;

 R^2 comprises hydrogen, a branched or straight chain C_1 to C_{25} alkyl group, a cycloalkyl group, a heterocycloalkyl group, an aryl group, a heteroaryl group or a protecting group;

 R^3 comprises a branched or straight chain C_1 to C_{25} alkyl group, a cycloalkyl group, a heterocycloalkyl group, an aryl group, a heteroaryl group,

or the pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof,

wherein when Y^1 and Y^2 in formula I are different groups, the stereochemistry at carbon a is either substantially R or substantially S, and

wherein the compound having the formula I is not 1-acyl-sn-glycerol 3-phosphate and 2-acyl-sn-glycerol 3-phosphate.

- 86. (Original) A method for determining the activity of lysophosphatidic acid or phosphatidic acid, comprising the steps of:
 - a) measuring the activity of a compound having the formula I or VII

$$X^2$$
 X^1
 Y^1
 X^2
 Z
 UR^1
 UR^1

wherein

 X^1 , X^2 , Y^1 , and Y^2 comprises, independently, hydrogen, fluorine, a hydroxyl group, a branched or straight chain C_1 to C_{25} alkyl group, OR^2 , $OCH_2CH_2OR^2$, $OC(O)R^3$, or $NC(O)R^3$:

each U comprises, independently, oxygen, sulfur, or NR1;

V is not present or when V is present, V comprises oxygen or sulfur;

W comprises oxygen or sulfur;

Z comprises oxygen, sulfur, NR1, CH2, CHF, CF2, or CHOR2;

each R^1 comprises, independently, hydrogen, a branched or straight chain C_1 to C_{25} alkyl group, a cationic counterion, or both R^1 form a cyclic or heterocyclic group:

 R^2 comprises hydrogen, a branched or straight chain C_1 to C_{25} alkyl group, a cycloalkyl group, a heterocycloalkyl group, an aryl group, a heteroaryl group or a protecting group;

 R^3 comprises a branched or straight chain C_1 to C_{25} alkyl group, a cycloalkyl group, a heterocycloalkyl group, an aryl group, a heteroaryl group, or the pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof,

wherein when Y^1 and Y^2 in formula I are different groups, the stereochemistry at carbon a is either substantially R or substantially S, and

wherein the compound having the formula I is not 1-acyl-sn-glycerol 3-phosphate and 2-acyl-sn-glycerol 3-phosphate; and

b) measuring the same activity of lysophosphatidic acid or phosphatidic acid.

- (Original) The method of claim 86, wherein the method comprises identifying agonists or antagonists of lysophosphatidic acid binding to or activating lysophosphatidic acid receptors of the edg class in a cell.
- 88. (Original) The method of claim 86, wherein the method comprises identifying agonists or antagonists of lysophosphatidic acid binding to or activating lysophosphatidic acid receptors of the non-edg class in a cell.